

Building the Integrated Data Warehouse

with Oracle Database and Hadoop

Gwen Shapira, Senior Consultant

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13 years with a pager
Oracle ACE Director
Oak table member
Senior consultant for Pythian
@gwenshap
http://www.pythian.com/
news/author/shapira/
shapira@pythian.com



Pythian

Recognized Leader:

- Global industry-leader in remote database administration services and consulting for Oracle, Oracle Applications, MySQL and Microsoft SQL Server
- Work with over 165 multinational companies such as LinkShare Corporation, IGN Entertainment, CrowdTwist, TinyCo and Western Union to help manage their complex IT deployments

Expertise:

- One of the world's largest concentrations of dedicated, full-time DBA expertise.
 Employ 7 Oracle ACEs/ACE Directors. Heavily involved in the MySQL community, driving the MySQL Professionals Group and sit on the IOUG Advisory Board for MySQL.
- Hold 7 Specializations under Oracle Platinum Partner program, including Oracle Exadata, Oracle GoldenGate & Oracle RAC





Agenda

- What is Big Data?
- Why do we care about Big Data?
- Why your DWH needs Hadoop?
- Examples of Hadoop in the DWH
- How to integrate Hadoop into your DWH
- Avoiding major pitfalls





What is Big Data?

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Doesn't Matter.

We are here to discuss architectures. Not define market segments.





What Does Matter?

Some data types are a bad fit for RDBMS. Some problems are a bad fit for RDBMS.

We can call them BIG if you want.

Data Warehouses have always been BIG.





Given enough skill and money – Oracle can do anything.

Lets talk about efficient solutions.





When RDBMS Makes no Sense?

- Storing images and video
- Processing images and video
- Storing and processing other large files
 - PDFs, Excel files
- Processing large blocks of natural language text
 - Blog posts, job ads, product descriptions
- Processing semi-structured data
 - CSV, JSON, XML, log files
 - Sensor data





When RDBMS Makes no Sense?

- Ad-hoc, exploratory analytics
- Integrating data from external sources
- Data cleanup tasks
- Very advanced analytics (machine learning)





New Data Sources

- Blog posts
- Social media
- Images
- Videos
- Logs from web applications
- Sensors

They all have large potential value

But they are awkward fit for traditional data warehouses







Your DWH needs Hadoop

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Big Problems with Big Data

- It is:
 - Unstructured
 - Unprocessed
 - Un-aggregated
 - Un-filtered
 - Repetitive
 - Low quality
 - And generally messy.

Oh, and there is/a lot of it.







Technical Challenges

- Storage capacity
- Storage throughput
- Pipeline throughput
- Processing power
- Parallel processing
- System Integration
- Data Analysis

Scalable storage

Massive Parallel Processing

Ready to use tools





Hadoop Principles

Bring Code to Data





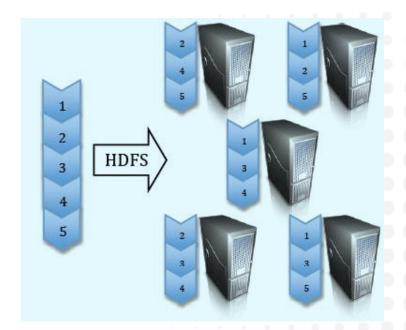




Hadoop in a Nutshell

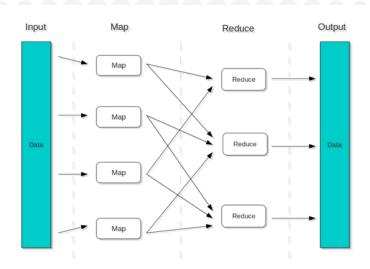


Replicated Distributed Big-Data File System





Map-Reduce - framework for writing massively parallel jobs







Hadoop Benefits

- Reliable solution based on unreliable hardware
- Designed for large files
- Load data first, structure later
- Designed to maximize throughput of large scans
- Designed to maximize parallelism
- Designed to scale
- Flexible development platform
- Solution Ecosystem





Hadoop Limitations

- Hadoop is scalable but not fast
- Batteries not included
- Instrumentation not included either
- Well-known reliability limitations







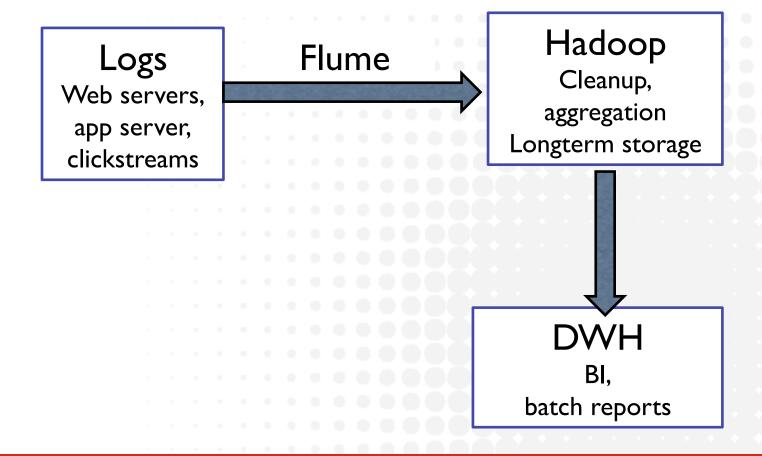


Hadoop In the Data Warehouse

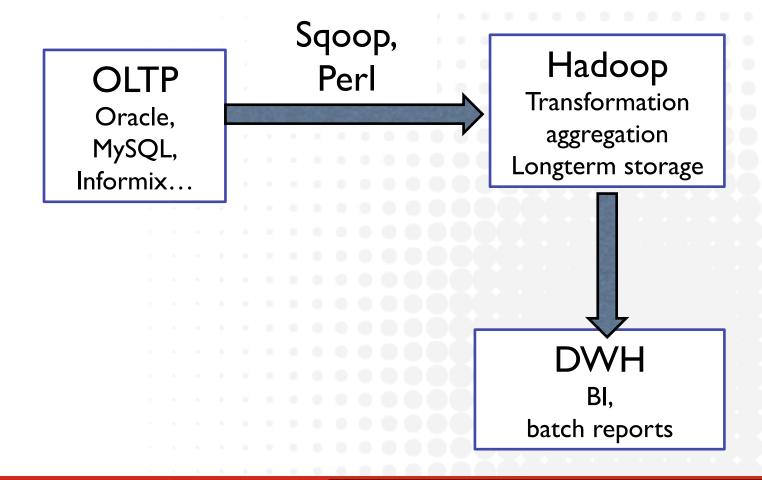
Use Cases and Customer Stories



ETL for Unstructured Data



ETL for Structured Data



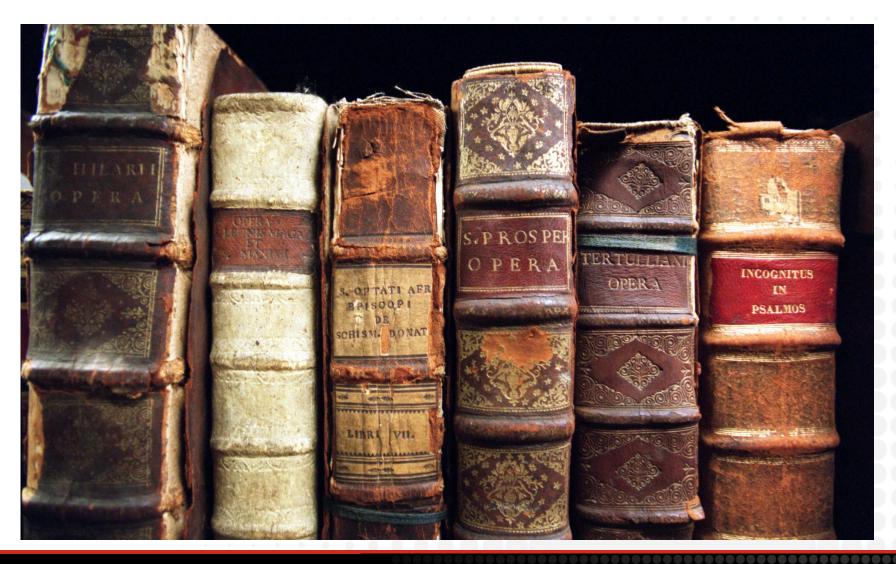
Bring the World into Your Datacenter







Rare Historical Report



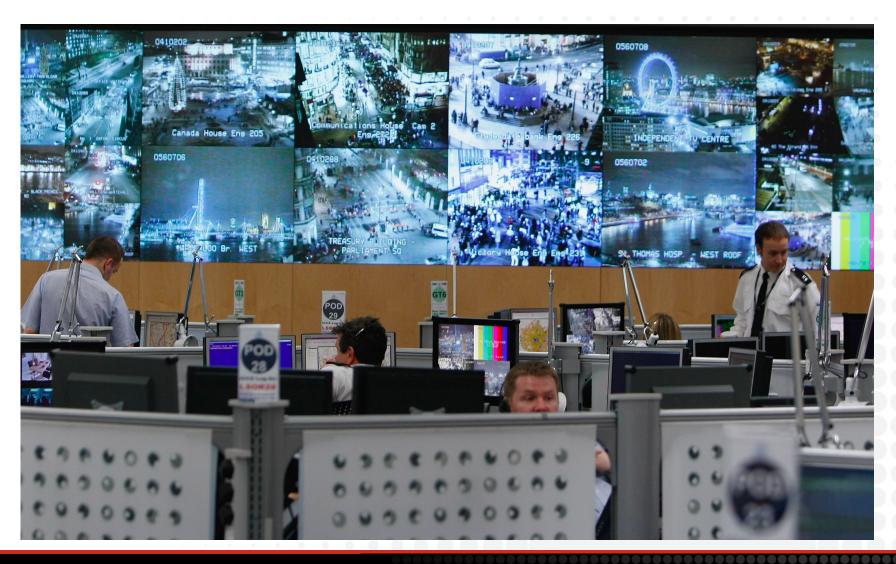




Find Needle in Haystack



We are not doing SQL anymore





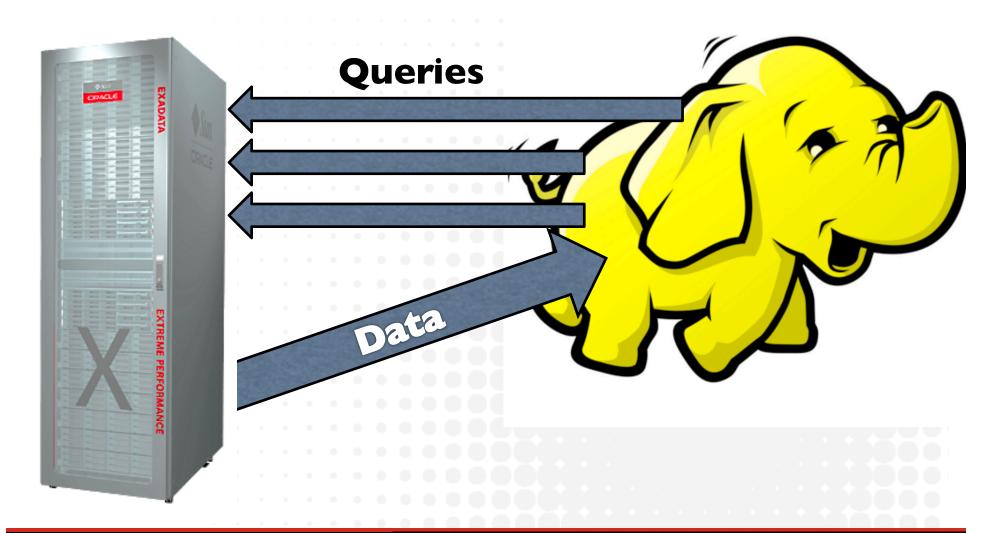




Connecting the (big) Dots

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Sqoop







Sqoop is Flexible Import

- Select <columns> from where <condition>
- Or <write your own query>
- Split column
- Parallel
- Incremental
- File formats





Sqoop Import Examples

Sqoop import --connect jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbserver:1521/masterdb
 --username hr --table emp
 --where "start_date > '01-01-2012'"

- Sqoop import jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbserver:1521/ masterdb
 - --username myuser
 - --table shops --split-by shop_id
 - --num-mappers 16

Must be indexed or partitioned to avoid 16 full table scans





Less Flexible Export

- 100 row batch inserts
- Commit every 100 batches
- Parallel export
- Merge vs. Insert

Example:

```
sqoop export
--connect jdbc:mysql://db.example.com/foo
--table bar
--export-dir /results/bar_data
```





FUSE-DFS

- Mount HDFS on Oracle server:
 - sudo yum install hadoop-0.20-fuse
 - hadoop-fuse-dfs dfs://<name_node_hostname>:<namenode_port> <mount_point>
- Use external tables to load data into Oracle
- File Formats may vary
- All ETL best practices apply





Oracle Loader for Hadoop

- Load data from Hadoop into Oracle
- Map-Reduce job inside Hadoop
- Converts data types, partitions and sorts
- Direct path loads
- Reduces CPU utilization on database
- NEW:
 - Support for Avro
 - Support for compression codecs







Oracle Direct Connector to HDFS

- Create external tables of files in HDFS
- PREPROCESSOR HDFS_BIN_PATH:hdfs_stream
- All the features of External Tables
- Tested (by Oracle) as 5 times faster (GB/s) than FUSE-DFS





Oracle SQL Connector for HDFS

- Map-Reduce Java program
- Creates an external table
- Can use Hive Metastore for schema
- Optimized for parallel queries
- Supports Avro and compression







How not to Fail

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Data That Belong in RDBMS







Prepare for Migration







Use Hadoop Efficiently

- Understand your bottlenecks:
 - CPU, storage or network?
- Reduce use of temporary data:
 - All data is over the network
 - Written to disk in triplicate.
- Eliminate unbalanced workloads
- Offload work to RDBMS
- Fine-tune optimization with Map-Reduce









Your Data is NOT as BIG as you think



Getting Started

- Pick a Business Problem
- Acquire Data
- Use right tool for the job
- Hadoop can start on the cheap
- Integrate the systems
- Analyze data
- Get operational







Thank you & Q&A

To contact us...



sales@pythian.com



I-866-PYTHIAN

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